

## WOMEN START RIOT; 26 'REDS' ARRESTED

Goldman and Berkman Held in Heavy Bail—Marshals Oust L. D. Abbott.

### 100 SLACKERS ARE TAKEN

Anti-Draft Delegation, Failing to See Mayor, Use Hatpins on Police.

Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, held in \$25,000 bail each by United States Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday as leaders in a national conspiracy of anarchists against the Government, were returned to the Tombs. Leonard D. Abbott, who tried to tell a crowd that the arrests were an outrage, was thrown out of the Federal Building by deputy marshals.

Twenty-six aliens described as members of the Russian anarchist group were arrested in a basement at 534 Fifth street by the police bomb squad and taken to Headquarters. They were wearing thousands of handbills telling "Workers, men and women, that the State military census is a trap to catch you in the bloody noose of militarism." Their two presses and the handbills were confiscated and the prisoners were charged with conspiracy to violate the census law.

About 200 women, whistled on by anarchists with German names, who marched from Rutgers Square to City Hall to protest against the draft and the high cost of living, had a fight with the police in City Hall Park because they could not see the Mayor, who was out of town. Reserve soldiers from Rutgers Square and made speeches accusing the police of clubbing them.

**Guardmen Are Accused.** National Guardmen who have been making foolish arrests and assaulting peaceful persons at no-conscription meetings, were scored by Magistrate Koenig in Essex Market court. He said he thought many of the recent disturbances had been provoked by their "boisterous conduct."

About one hundred young men without Federal registration cards were rounded up by guardmen in Marshall McCarthy's office. Most of them were obviously above or below conscription age, and the others who had been arrested had cards and who promised to register were released.

The Government indicated its purpose to follow up on the arrests by sending by burning out the nests of anarchists all over the country. It is likely that a large number who are aliens will be sent to prison and deported.

Such is the record of New York's agitators for Saturday. The women's riot at City Hall was the most spectacular item. The police had heard they were on the way and Capt. Hannan of the Elizabeth street station had about fifty men around the building. The women, mostly from the East Side, but with Harlem and the Bronx also represented, appeared in groups. The first group had a letter to Mayor Mitchell and wanted to deliver it personally. Capt. Hannan explained that he was not in the hall. He read the letter, which ran:

**MR. MITCHELL:** We come to you as Mayor of our city to protest against registration. As women, as the creators of life, we are anti-militarists opposed to the destruction of our working class internationalists we feel that the people of one country have no quarrel with people of any other country. And finally as women who have no voice in the making of our laws we do not feel ourselves subject to registration. We demand your support in the repeal of this unjust and unconstitutional law.

**A FEW HUNDREDS REPRESENTING NEW YORK WOMEN.**

**Women Fight Registration.** "Why not take the matter up with your national representatives?" asked Capt. Hannan.

"We also object to the State registration," said a spokeswoman.

"And why go to Albany and see Gov. Whitman?"

"We can't afford it, and besides we want to make our protests as women of New York city."

"Well, I will see that the letter is given to the Mayor on Monday," said the

**MARRIED.**

**RICHARDSON-PASSAVANT.**—On Saturday, June 16, in St. Clement's Church, Philadelphia, by the Rev. Dr. Leonard Woods Richardson, assisted by the Rev. Father Hutchinson, rector of the church, Elizabeth M. Passavant to Leonard Woods Richardson, Jr., of Philadelphia.

**TWOBELY-BROWN.**—On June 16, 1917, at 149 West Fifty-ninth street, New York, by the Rev. Clifford Twobel, Florence King Brown to Howard Twobel of Boston, Mass.

**WILLIS-BULLARD.**—On Saturday, June 16, at St. George's Church, Flushing, by the Rev. Henry H. Willis, Ruth Willis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Henderson Bullard, to Arthur Livingston Willis, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Willis.

**DIED.**

**BRIGHT.**—At Gibbstown, N. C., on June 16, 1917, William Herbert Bright, son of Osborn and Joanna Shepard Bright. In the sixth year of his age.

**FUNERAL SERVICE.**—Private interment at New Canaan, Conn.

**COONS.**—Edna Coons, Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and Fifty-sixth street (Frank E. Campbell Building), Monday afternoon 2:30.

**GODLEY.**—On Friday, June 15, 1917, Elizabeth McMurtrie, widow of William D. Godley.

**FUNERAL SERVICE.**—At her residence, 325 Park avenue, on Sunday, June 17, at 4 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

**HAMILTON.**—Saturday, June 16, Charles R. Hamilton, assistant Auditor of the American Metal Company, Ltd., Services 2 P. M. Monday, June 18, at the Church of St. John the Divine, New York City.

**HOWARD.**—On June 16, Harry T. Howard, husband of A. Roberts T. Howard and son of the late William Augustus Howard of Providence, R. I.

**PRATT.**—On Saturday, June 16, 1917, Emily H. Pratt, wife of William Allen Pratt and daughter of the late Thomas F. and Louisa L. Jeremiah.

**FUNERAL SERVICE.**—At her late residence, 165 West Fifty-ninth street, New York city, on Tuesday, June 19, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

**WALKER.**—On June 15, at West Park on Hudson, Annie Hunt Walker of Liberty, Me., aged 65 years.

**FUNERAL AT LIBERTY ON MONDAY, JUNE 18.** Burial papers please copy.

**UNDERTAKERS.** FRANK CAMPBELL, 205 W. 4th St.

captain. "But it ought to have some names signed on it." Two women, much better dressed than the rest, stepped forward and wrote on the letter "Helen L. Fisher, 442 West 133d street," "Josephine Campbell, Nixon, 80 West Ninety-sixth street." They spoke of having a parade. Capt. Hannan said that was impossible, as they had no permit. He advised the women to pass along quietly, which they did, and fifteen policemen drove away a crowd that had clustered near the Hall to see what the women were up to.

But meanwhile about 200 women who had been stopped by the police between City Hall and the City Court Building began to shriek "Down with the draft!" They arrested Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman. A group of Goldman and Berkman disciples who had just been ejected from the Federal Building were jumping up and down and screaming their hatred of the Government. Several thousand men and women who didn't hate anybody but who had just quit work in office buildings for the half holiday scampered into the park and made it hard for the police to wedge through to the heated nucleus of the disturbance.

The Goldmanites tried to press on toward City Hall, but the police, with clubs swinging, drove against the mass and forced it back to Centre street. Seeing that more men were needed, Capt. Hannan telephoned Headquarters and ordered more police to the scene. A group of Goldman and Berkman disciples who had just been ejected from the Federal Building were jumping up and down and screaming their hatred of the Government. Several thousand men and women who didn't hate anybody but who had just quit work in office buildings for the half holiday scampered into the park and made it hard for the police to wedge through to the heated nucleus of the disturbance.

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**Hatpin Opposes Policemen.** "Arrest her," said Sergeant Wilson to Patrolman Henry H. Wagner. Wagner caught the woman's arm and led her toward the station house of the Traffic Squad A in the City Hall basement. Her comrades, wailing, surrounded her. In the scuffle Sergeant Wilson fell to his knees and his right arm was bruised and his uniform torn. A woman's teeth gnashed one of Wagner's fingers and a hatpin pricked his leg. With the help of other policemen they got the prisoner into the station. She said she was Mrs. Bertha Amper, 26 years old, a native of Russia, living at 106 West 144th street.

A moment later two policemen, one of whom, William J. Moore, had been struck in the face, dragged another woman in. They had to drag her, for she made a weight of herself. She was shouting, "You're killing me, you're killing me." She said she was Mrs. Sadie Hemmel, 31 years old, born in Russia, living at 1174 West Farms road, The Bronx.

The next prisoner had bright red hair—Mrs. Jennie Baron, 41 years old, 67 Willet street. With her was her fifteen-year-old daughter, who was screaming.

The girl was not arrested. Madames Amper, Hemmel and Baron, charged with disorderly conduct, were taken to the Elizabeth street station and then to Charles street, where they were held. The three women were held in \$1,000 bail apiece for examination in the Tombs court on Tuesday.

The version of the mass, given by the speakers in Rutgers Square half an hour later, was that a committee had been set up to protest against conscription, and the other speakers merely wanted to sit on park benches, which the committee's report, which the police wouldn't let them do. The speakers were Pauline Morgan, Mollie Wetman, Clara Friedman, Sarah Shapiro and Cynthia Cohen, chairman.

Many women were arrested, and others were wounded and then taken to the sidewalk. Florence corroborated them, showed bruises on her arm, which he said the soldiers made, and said that they used the language in the presence of the women.

"The East Siders are used to the police," the inspector said, "but when they see all these soldiers kicking them around, they set up the cry, 'Cosacks! Cosacks! Russia over again!' and they are more or less justified."

**ENGAGEMENTS ANNOUNCED.**

Baroness Raoul de Graffenried of 445 Park avenue has announced the engagement of her daughter by a former marriage, Miss Violet Lorrie Hamilton, to Lieut. Austin Sherwood Rothwell. Miss Hamilton is a daughter of the late Schuyler Hamilton, a grandnephew of the late Major-General Schuyler Hamilton and a direct descendant of Alexander Hamilton. Mr. Rothwell is a son of John Rothwell and the late Mrs. Katharine Gibboney Rothwell. Lieut. Rothwell is a member of Squadron A and of the Officers Training Camp at Plattsburgh.

Henry Wigglesworth of New York and Garden City, N. Y., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Sylvia Wigglesworth, to Joseph M. Melton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Melton of Garden City. Mr. Melton is a member of this year's graduating class at Harvard and recently enlisted in the Aviation Corps, having previously served with the American Ambulance Corps in France.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Alice Marguerite Stickney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Burnam C. Stickney of Elizabeth, N. J., to Henry F. Holthusen of Brooklyn. Miss Stickney is a niece of the Rev. Percy Stickney, rector of the Church of the Ascension, and has been a student of art at Columbia. Mr. Holthusen was graduated from Columbia and later from the law school of that university.

Mr. and Mrs. John Francis Holthusen of Tuxedo Park and St. Paul announced yesterday the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gertrude Bradburn Harter, to Lewis Francis Harter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Bradburn Harter of Philmont, N. Y.

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**A. Jaekel & Co. Furriers**

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Had Been in Ill Health a Year, but Condition Serious Only a Week.

### PRELATE FOR 23 YEARS

Was Staunch Defender of the Catholic Faith and Critic of "New Religion."

TRENTON, N. J., June 16.—The Right Rev. James A. McFaul, Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Trenton for nearly a quarter of a century, died last night at the episcopal residence in North Warren street. Death was due to a complication of diseases.

Bishop McFaul had been in ill health for nearly a year, but it was only about a week ago that his condition became serious. Since Thursday he had been gradually sinking and was unconscious for several hours before his death.

Telling of the death of St. Mary's Cathedral announced the death of the prelate this afternoon.

The Right Rev. James Augustine McFaul was the second Bishop of the Catholic diocese of Trenton, succeeding the late Bishop O'Farrell on October 18, 1894. He was born on June 6, 1859, near the small town of Larne, County Antrim, Ireland.

Before he was a year old his parents brought him to this city, where he lived five years. He first attended school in the basement of the Holy Cross Church in West Forty-second street, and when he was 8 his family moved to a farm between Bound Brook and Millstone, N. J. He was sent to the nearest district school and, although the smallest of all the pupils, he was usually found at the head of his class.

Later he went to Millstone, where Judge Robert B. Woodruff was his father during the summer, but at the end of three years he was advised by a physician to return to his father's home. In the open air he had a new lease of life and he returned to St. Francis Xavier College in New York.

He was graduated from Seton Hall College, South Orange, N. J., in 1873. Bishop O'Farrell of the diocese of Newark was one of his classmates. He was ordained to the priesthood on May 26, 1877. In 1878 he was sent to Trenton as assistant to the late Rev. Anthony Smith at St. Mary's Cathedral.

He served as secretary to the late Bishop O'Farrell of Trenton from 1882 to 1884, and then as secretary of the diocese of Newark. He was appointed vicar-general of the diocese and rector of the cathedral in Trenton. Two years later he was made vicar-general of the diocese.

When on April 2, 1894, Bishop O'Farrell died, he was long and loyal. He was the late Archbishop Corrigan selected Vicar-General of the diocese, and on the following October 18 he was consecrated as Bishop of Trenton.

Bishop McFaul was a staunch defender of the Catholic faith and a critic of the "New Religion." He was a member of the American Ambulance Corps in France.

**Anna Lukens, M. D.**

Anna Lukens, M. D., one of the first women to become a physician in this country and a practitioner here for many years up to her retirement fifteen years ago, died yesterday afternoon in her home, 485 Central Park west, from a complication of diseases.

Dr. Lukens was born in Philadelphia, a member of one of the oldest families of the Quaker City, and was 73 years old. She received her medical education at the Women's Hospital, Philadelphia.

Immediately after she came to this city, and in addition to having an extensive practice here was for some years rector of the hospital in Trenton. Two years later she was made vicar-general of the diocese.

**Elizabeth Hilton, M. D.**

Elizabeth L. d'Artois-Tarver Francis-Hilton, M. D., died Thursday in her home, 951 St. Mark's avenue, Brooklyn. She is said to have been a descendant in the direct line of Robert of Artois, brother of St. Louis of France. Dr. Hilton came to this country in 1865 and returned to her native England later.

**Waldorf Roof for Dancers.**

For the first time since George C. Boldt invented the hotel roof garden there will be dancing on the actual roof of the Waldorf-Astoria to-morrow night.

For several years visitors have enjoyed dancing in the sun parlor, but this year they will dance under the stars. The Waldorf-Astoria orchestra, Joseph Knecht, director, will play in a specially designed stand near the Fifth avenue end of the roof.

**Call for Italian Flags.**

Mayor Mitchell last night issued a proclamation asking the people of the city to display the Italian flag on their homes and business houses during the visit of this country in 1865 and returned to her native England later.

**Source of Contention Appears in Prices Goethals Agreed to Pay for Steel.**

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**Board Considers \$95 a Ton for Plates and \$84 for Shapes Too High.**

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The shipbuilding programme with which the Administration has hoped to offset in a degree the ravages of the German U-boat campaign to all appearances is approaching another crisis.

The first serious threat to the early execution of a comprehensive building plan arose from the tempestuous controversy between William Denman, chairman of the Shipping Board, and Major-General Goethals, general manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, over the question of including in the programme the construction of wooden ships to the capacity of the American yards.

Now a second source of contention has appeared in the prices that Gen. Goethals had agreed to pay for the steel ships for which he is contracting. Persons acquainted with the attitude of Chairman Denman assert that he never will let the contracts go through under an arrangement by which the Government will pay the steel interests around \$95 a ton for plates and \$84 a ton for shapes. The insistence of Gen. Goethals upon these figures as a provisional price for the steel, it is predicted, will cause another row no less serious than the first unless the President steps in and settles the question of authority for all time.

Gen. Goethals announced to-day that he had agreed provisionally on the price of 41½ cents a pound for steel plates and 34½ cents a pound for steel shapes for the eight 8,000 ton steel ships to be built on the Pacific coast by the Los Angeles Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company. This is \$84.20 and \$84.20 a ton, respectively. Gen. Goethals said the price was not absolute, but was fixed tentatively, according to the understanding of the committee on raw materials of the advisory commission of the Council of National Defense would go into the question of costs later, and determine an equitable return to the steel men. The committee will meet Monday to consider the question.

These prices are far above those that Chairman Denman will permit, even in a tentative agreement, if he is able to retain the authority which he now possesses. Mr. Denman will not discuss his differences with the general in any form, but it is known that he regards the price the navy is paying—about \$65 a ton—as being the limit the Government should pay for the steel it puts in its merchant ships. And Mr. Denman may be expected to try for as low a price as \$60 a ton.

The attitude of Chairman Denman and other members of the Shipping Board, who are in sympathy with his views, is that as steel can be manufactured according to the understanding of the board, at around two cents a pound, or about \$45 a ton, it is hardly less than submitting to robbery for the Government to pay \$90 or \$85 a ton for the steel.

The manner in which the break between Mr. Denman and Gen. Goethals is expected to come, if it does come, is by Mr. Denman's refusal to sign the contracts into which the General has entered on the basis of 4½ and 3½ cents a pound for steel.

There is a chance of the situation being adjusted in a manner to prevent the clash of authority. It will be the duty of the President within the next few days to issue an executive order designating the person or agency to whom he wishes to delegate the enormous powers conferred by the shipping section of the war budget bill, which he signed yesterday. These powers include the right to commandeer ships, shipyards, steel products and steel plants and the various materials entering into the construction of ships. It is a matter of conjecture to-night

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